

**FINAL EXAM
ISN0772**

Planning a Battalion FTX

1. A convoy consists of __ or more tactical vehicles or __ or more vehicles requiring special hauling permits.
 - A. 6 & 1
 - B. 1 & 1
 - C. 4 & 1
 - D. 1 & 6

2. A _____ is a time-distance diagram used in planning, preparing, or checking road movement tables and controlling marches.
 - A. strip map
 - B. road movement graph
 - C. overlay
 - D. road movement annex

3. The major difference between strip maps and route overlays is that they are
 - A. prepared by unit conducting the movement.
 - B. prepared by brigade or higher units.
 - C. an annex to the road movement graph.
 - D. less detailed than route overlays.

4. Planners and conductors consider an FTX in three phases, which are:
 - A. Pre-exercise, execution, and post-exercise.
 - B. STARTEX, EX, and ENDEX.
 - C. Planning, execution, and debriefing.
 - D. Front-end, on-board, and back-end.

- 5. If you are serving as chief controller for a company level FTX, you would normally assume the role of the**
- A. OPFOR (opposing force) commander.**
 - B. battalion commander.**
 - C. battalion S3.**
 - D. battalion XO.**
- 6. The primary purpose of the AAR, at the end of an FTX, is to**
- A. coordinate requirements for terminating the FTX and allow all parties to consolidate and prepare for return to home station.**
 - B. facilitate preparation of maneuver damage reports and other required administrative documents.**
 - C. account for equipment, weapons, and personnel, prior to departing the training area.**
 - D. allow for an exchange of training related information between all parties involved in the FTX.**
- 8. In order to determine individual training requirements, necessary to prepare for a particular STX, the best reference is the**
- A. applicable field manuals.**
 - B. Mission Training Plan.**
 - C. Soldier's Manual.**
 - D. Mission Essential Task List.**
- 9. A productive after action review**
- A. identifies the strong and weak points of the player unit.**
 - B. provides a forum for discussing actions, results, and alternatives.**
 - C. compares a unit's capabilities and limitations with those of like units.**
 - D. allows leaders to assess the fighting capability of units.**