

**FINAL EXAM
IS0764A**

Operations

The following items will test your knowledge of the material covered in this lesson. There is only one correct answer for each item.

1. The process by which you receive, plan, and execute a mission is
 - A. the BN OPORD.
 - B. troop-leading procedures (TLPs).
 - C. a fragmentary order.
 - D. a company standing operating procedure (SOP).

2. You receive first word of an impending mission via a written OPORD at 0600; the mission time is 1800 hours. You immediately issue a warning order to your unit and plan to issue your own OPORD at
 - A. 0700 hours.
 - B. 0800 hours.
 - C. 1000 hours.
 - D. 1300 hours.

3. In making your estimate of the situation, you are wargaming the various courses of action (COAs). Wargaming consists of
 - A. a detailed analysis of the mission.
 - B. analyzing COAs.
 - C. comparing COAs.
 - D. making a decision.

4. You are taking step 3 (analyzing COAs) in your estimate of the situation. Because time is limited you employ the box technique. You will focus on
 - A. a critical area where the decisive action will take place.
 - B. successive belts in depth throughout the objective area.
 - C. wargaming one avenue of approach at a time against the enemy's likely COA.
 - D. the enemy's strengths and vulnerabilities.

Situation: You are the commander of CO C, 32 BN, 134th INF (Mech). Your unit is taking part in REFORGER 94 exercise in Europe. Use this situation to answer the questions in this exercise.

5. Terrain analysis is vital in IPB. The military aspects of the terrain are focused on OCOKA. The primary concern in assessing observation capabilities is

- A. availability of reconnaissance and surveillance teams.**
- B. DMA input.**
- C. cross-country-movement (CCM) maps.**
- D. line of sight (LOS).**

6. In the IPB process, you identify any terrain offering you or your enemy the ability to apply superior combat power as

- A. areas of concern (AOC).**
- B. key terrain.**
- C. hill 509.**
- D. targets of opportunity.**